

NEWAYGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS

NEWAYGO, MICHIGAN

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Newaygo Public Schools Newaygo, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Newaygo Public Schools, Newaygo, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Newaygo Public Schools, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Newaygo Public Schools and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 4 to the financial statements, Newaygo Public Schools adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Newaygo Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 Newaygo Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Newaygo Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, on pages 4-11 and 50-56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Newaygo Public Schools' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 57-60 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedure applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2025, on our consideration of Newaygo Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Newaygo Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Newaygo Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cadillac, Michigan September 12, 2025

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

This section of Newaygo Public Schools' ("the District") annual report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of the following three components: the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights Section

Government-Wide

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,653,324, creating a deficit net position. Of this amount net investment in capital assets was a positive \$15,523,310.
- The government's total net deficit decreased by \$5,014,348.

Fund Level

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,112,315, a decrease of \$2,463,011 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,828,605.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements provide short-term and long-term financial information about the District's overall financial status. These statements are required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as described in the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The district-wide financial statements are compiled using full accrual basis of accounting and more closely represent financial statements presented by business and industry. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "Governmental Activities". These activities include instruction, supporting services, food services, community services,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

payments to other districts, facilities acquisition, construction and improvements, student activities, interest on long-term debt, bond issuance costs and unallocated depreciation, which are primarily financed with state and federal aid and property taxes.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called "non-major" funds. Detailed financial information for non-major funds can be found in the combining and individual fund statements section, if applicable.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District may establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on 1) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are for assets that belong to others, such as certain student activities funds where the District is the trustee or fiduciary. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The District maintains one type of fiduciary fund. The Custodial fund reports resources held by the District in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

Notes to Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the information provided in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-49 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report further presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that explains and supports the information presented in the financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

The following schedule summarizes the net position at fiscal years ended June 30. The prior year has not been restated to include the new GASBS No. 101–Compensated Absences:

	2025	2024
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 13,649,640	\$ 15,642,445
Non Current Assets	43,806,715	38,927,841
Total Assets	57,456,355	54,570,286
Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,833,906	11,500,152
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	5,798,022	5,278,247
Non Current Liabilities	51,482,794	59,558,675
Total Liabilities	57,280,816	64,836,922
Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,662,769	9,504,376
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	15,523,310	13,937,150
Restricted for Debt Service	658,087	1,165,764
Restricted for Net Other Post Employment Benefits Asset	4,372,330	536,123
Unrestricted	(24,207,051)	(23,909,897)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (3,653,324)	\$ (8,270,860)

Analysis of Financial Position

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District's net position increased by \$5,014,348. A few of the more significant factors affecting net position during the year are discussed below:

1. Depreciation Expense

GASB 34 requires school districts to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and the accumulation of depreciation expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation expense is a reduction in net position.

Depreciation expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In accordance with GAAP, depreciation expense is calculated based on the original cost of the asset less an estimated salvage value, where applicable. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, \$1,418,424 was recorded for depreciation expense.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

2. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Expense

GASB 68 and 75 now requires the District to account for its payments to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System in a manner that has a significant effect on the District's change in net position. Based on various factors, the District may report an increase or decrease in net position depending on whether the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and OPEB asset increases or decreases in any given year.

3. Capital Outlay Acquisitions and Dispositions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, \$2,461,091 of expenditures for building and land improvements, furniture and equipment, buses, and trucks were capitalized and recorded as assets of the District. These additions to the District's capital assets will be depreciated over time as explained above.

The net effect of the new capital assets, disposal of capital assets, and the current year's depreciation is an increase in capital assets in the amount of \$1,042,667 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Change in Net Position

The following schedule summarizes the results of operations, on a district-wide basis, for the fiscal year ended June 30. The prior year has not been restated to include the new GASBS No. 101–Compensated Absences:

	2025	2024
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 6,706,886	\$ 6,284,562
Investment Earnings	380,471	211,745
State Sources	10,733,067	10,639,994
Other	250,449	225,936
Total General Revenues	18,070,873	 17,362,237
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	152,168	149,995
Operating Grants and Contributions	9,094,008	9,762,735
Capital Grants and Contributions	277,921	 983,954
Total Program Revenues	9,524,097	10,896,684
Total Revenues	27,594,970	28,258,921

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	2025	2024
Expenses		
Instruction	11,952,184	13,418,459
Supporting Services	8,150,830	7,488,331
Community Services	125,260	102,989
Payments to Other Districts	3,448	953
Facilities Acquisition, Construction and Improvements	30,901	135,361
Interest on Long-Term Debt	899,575	684,684
Bond Issuance Costs	0	88,124
Unallocated Depreciation	1,418,424	1,321,788
Total Expenses	22,580,622	23,240,689
Change in Net Position	\$ 5,014,348	\$ 5,018,232

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. The following table shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

			Increase
	 2025	 2024	 (Decrease)
Major Funds			
General Fund	\$ 3,829,881	\$ 4,160,384	\$ (330,503)
Food Service Fund	866,786	826,864	39,922
Student Activities Fund	148,949	126,158	22,791
2015 Debt Refunding Retirement Fund	295,453	717,711	(422,258)
2016 Debt Retirement Fund	167,779	331,044	(163,265)
2017 Debt Retirement Fund	161,343	245,482	(84,139)
2024 Debt Retirement Fund	194,512	0	194,512
2024 Capital Projects Fund	4,438,172	6,157,683	(1,719,511)
Capital Improvement Fund	9,440	10,000	(560)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 10,112,315	\$ 12,575,326	\$ (2,463,011)

In 2024-2025 fiscal year, the District budgeted for a decrease in the General Fund fund balance. This decreased primarily due to a decrease in federal revenues as ESSER funds are no longer being received. This anticipated decrease to the fund balance was partially mitigated by spending less on improvements and due to conservative spending.

In 2024-2025 fiscal year, the Food Service Fund balance increased by approximately \$40,000. The District is actively trying to spend down fund balance and has a spend down plan in place with the State.

In 2024-2025 fiscal year, the Student Activities Fund balance increased primarily due to more activity in this fund. In prior years there was minimal activity due to the lingering effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

In 2024-2025 fiscal year, the 2015, 2016, and 2017 Debt Retirement Funds decreased its fund balance due to debt payments exceeding tax revenue in the current year.

In 2024-2025 fiscal year, the 2024 Debt Retirement Fund is a new fund with a new tax levy. Fund balance increased due to tax revenue exceeding debt payments in the current year.

The 2024 Capital Projects Fund decreased its fund balance due to purchase of capital outlay.

The Capital Improvement Fund decreased its fund balance minimally, by approximately \$600.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to its starting on July 1. Any amendments made to the operating budget must be approved by the Board prior to the close of the fiscal year on June 30.

For the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the District amended the general fund budget throughout the year, with the Board adopting the final changes in June 2025. The following schedule shows a comparison of the original general fund budget, the final amended general fund budget, and actual totals from operations:

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	 ACTUAL
Total Revenues	\$ 22,301,755	\$ 22,387,794	\$ 22,386,009
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Instruction	\$ 15,216,400	\$ 15,610,193	\$ 15,091,297
Supporting Services	6,852,033	7,458,336	7,375,648
Community Services	112,364	132,527	124,616
Payments to Other Districts	3,421	3,547	3,448
Facilities Acquisition, Construction and Improvements	42,394	91,750	132,985
Debt Service	0	38,521	38,518
Total Expenditures	\$ 22,226,612	\$ 23,334,874	\$ 22,766,512

The difference between the original and final budgeted revenue amounts is mainly due to amending the budget for additional local and state revenue. The differences between the original and final budgeted expenditures amounts are spread amongst the District's activities as the District had a clearer picture on current year activity.

The variance between the final budgeted revenues compared to actual is mainly due to receiving less in state funding and more in federal funding than anticipated. The variance between the final budgeted expenditures compared to actual is mainly related to instruction and supporting services due to the District budgeting for worst case scenario.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

1. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2025, the District has \$39,434,385 net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings and facilities, school buses and other vehicles, and various types of equipment. Depreciation expense for the year amounted to \$1,418,424 bringing the accumulated depreciation to \$20,701,336 as of June 30, 2025.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the following expenditures were capitalized:

- ❖ Building improvements in the amount of \$1,959,923, which includes \$1,912,346 of construction in progress in the current year.
- Three school buses in the amount of \$285,290.
- Kitchen equipment in the amount of \$48,413.
- Playground equipment and athletic equipment in the amount of \$438,597, which includes \$333,149 of construction in progress from the previous year.
- School furnishings and equipment in the amount of \$39,502.
- ❖ Two trucks in the amount of \$22,515.

The District has also committed \$4,854,541 for School Building improvements related to the bond project, \$144,515 for wireless upgrades, and \$107,795 for network upgrades in the upcoming fiscal year.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to this report.

2. Long-Term Obligations

At June 30, 2025, the District had \$27,590,000 in bonded debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of \$2,045,000 over the amount outstanding at the close of the prior fiscal year. Additional long-term liabilities include \$798,637 in compensated absences, and net pension liability in the amount of \$24,434,607.

Additional information on the District's long-term obligations can be found in the notes to this report.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The District considers many factors when setting the 2025/2026 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The blended count for the 2025/2026 fiscal year will be 90% of the Fall 2025 and 10% of Spring 2025. Approximately 70% of the General Fund revenue comes from state sources. The 2025/2026 original budget reflects a decrease in student count of 20 students and no additional state aid funding increases at the time of the budget approvals by the board in June of 2025. The state has not approved a final budget

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

at this time for the 2025/2026 fiscal year, thus making many unknowns for the state funding portion of the District's budget. The state has continued the use of School Aid to help pay for Districts' retirement obligations with the Office of Retirement Services. These funds are received by the District and disbursed immediately during the month it is received back to the retirement office through the District's payroll account. Beginning with the 2012/13 fiscal year, there have been several different retirement rates set depending on which retirement plan individuals chose based on eligibility. Although there are many, the majority of our employees are on the plan that they would have elected as of February 2014.

The District has also submitted a revised Food Service spend down plan which was approved by the state. These funds will need to be spent by June 30, 2026 and can only be spent for Food Service allowable costs to that program.

The District has settled a contract with the support staff and with the teachers' union for the 2025/2026 school year. The support staff and the teacher contract will expire June 30, 2026.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact the Business Department, Newaygo Public Schools, 360 S. Mill Street, Newaygo, Michigan 49337.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2025

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,046,662
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,389,479
Accounts Receivable	27,235
Due from Other Governmental Units	3,156,344
Prepaid Expenses	1,276
Inventory	28,644
Total Current Assets	13,649,640
NON CURRENT ASSETS	
Other Postemployment Benefits Asset	4,372,330
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	
Assets Being Depreciated	37,007,064
Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,427,321
Total Non Current Assets	43,806,715
TOTAL ASSETS	57,456,355
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Related Items	8,314,529
Other Postemployment Benefits Related Items	1,489,202
Deferred Charge on Refunding	30,175
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,833,906

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2025

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	1,069,577
Retainage Payable	92,039
Salaries Payable	873,682
Accrued Expenses and Benefits Payable	723,440
Unearned Revenue	778,587
Accrued Interest Payable	161,000
Current Portion of Non Current Liabilities	2,099,697
Total Current Liabilities	5,798,022
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Bonds Payable (Net)	28,349,247
Compensated Absences	798,637
Net Pension Liability	24,434,607
Less Current Portion of Non Current Liabilities	(2,099,697)
Total Non Current Liabilities	51,482,794
TOTAL LIABILITIES	57,280,816
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Related Items	7,956,080
Other Postemployment Benefits Related Items	5,706,689
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	13,662,769
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	15,523,310
Restricted for Debt Service	658,087
Restricted for Net Other Post Employment Benefits Asset	4,372,330
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(24,207,051)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (3,653,324)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

GOVERNMENTAL

									ACTIVITIES	
					PRC	PROGRAM REVENUES	S	•	NET (EXPENSES)	ı
		•				OPERATING		CAPITAL	REVENUES AND	
			CHA	CHARGES FOR	O	GRANTS AND	GR	GRANTS AND	CHANGE IN	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		EXPENSES	SE	SERVICES	8	CONTRIBUTIONS	CON	CONTRIBUTIONS	NET POSITION	ı
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	Ş	11,952,184	ς,	0	Ş	6,406,258	\$	0	\$ (5,545,926)	_
Supporting Services		8,150,830		152,168		2,664,539		277,921	(5,056,202)	_
Community Services		125,260		0		19,763		0	(105,497)	_
Payments to Other Public Schools		3,448		0		3,448		0	0	
Facilities Acquisition, Construction and Improvements		30,901		0		0		0	(30,901)	_
Interest on Long Term Debt		899,575		0		0		0	(899,575)	_
Unallocated Depreciation		1,418,424		0		0		0	(1,418,424)	~ I
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	⋄	22,580,622	❖	152,168	Ş	9,094,008	\$	277,921	(13,056,525)	<u> </u>
GENERAL REVENUES										
Property Taxes - General Purposes									4,191,423	
Property Taxes - Debt Service									2,515,463	
Investment Earnings									380,471	
State Sources									10,733,067	
Other								•	250,449	1
Total General Revenues								•	18,070,873	1
Change in Net Position								,	5,014,348	1
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year (Deficit), as previously presented	esente	þ							(8,270,860)	_
Adjustments to Beginning Net Position								,	(396,812)	<u> </u>
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year (Deficit), as restated								•	(8,667,672)	<u>_</u> I
NET POSITION - End of Year (Deficit)								"	\$ (3,653,324)	_ II

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2025

		SPECIAL R	REVENUE				DEBT FUNDS	DS		CAPITAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	FUNDS		
		ĮŪ.	FUNDS	70	2015 DEBT	2016		2017	2024	2024				
		FOOD	STUDENT	ı E	REFUNDING	DEBT		DEBT	DEBT	CAPITAL	CA	CAPITAL	ĭ	TOTAL
	GENERAL	SERVICE	ACTIVITIES	RET	RETIREMENT	RETIREMENT		RETIREMENT	RETIREMENT	PROJECTS	IMPRO	IMPROVEMENT	GOVERI	GOVERNMENTAL
CH H CC «	TOND	FOIND	FUND		FUND	FUND		LOND	FUND	FUND		TOND	2	FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3.191.260	\$ 873.018	\$ 153.257	÷	330.893	\$ 180.037	37 \$	167.738	\$ 140.419	\$	Ş	10.040		5.046.662
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents					0			0				0		5,389,479
Accounts Receivable	27,235	0	0		0		0	0		. 0	0	0		27,235
Due from Other Funds	56,974	0	0		0		0	0	54,093		0	0		111,067
Due from Other Governmental Units	3,076,465	79,879	0		0		0	0			0	0		3,156,344
Prepaid Expenditures	1,276	0	0		0		0	0			0	0		1,276
Inventory	0	28,644	0		0		0	0			0	0		28,644
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,353,210	\$ 981,541	\$ 153,257	❖	330,893	\$ 180,037	37 \$	167,738	\$ 194,512	\$ 5,389,479	\$ 6	10,040	\$ 13	13,760,707
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES														
Accounts Payable	\$ 160,710	\$ 49,482	\$ 2,117	↔	0	\$	\$ 0	0	\$	0 \$ 857,268	\$ 8	0	ς.	1,069,577
Retainage Payable	0	0	0		0		0	0		0 92,039	6	0		92,039
Due to Other Funds	0	52,183	2,191		35,440	12,258	58	6,395		2,000	0	009		111,067
Salaries Payable	866,371	7,311	0		0		0	0			0	0		873,682
Accrued Expenses and Benefits Payable	720,646	2,794	0		0		0	0			0	0		723,440
Unearned Revenue	775,602	2,985	0		0		0	0			0	0		778,587
Total Liabilities	2,523,329	114,755	4,308		35,440	12,258	58	6,395		0 951,307	7	009		3,648,392
FUND BALANCES														
Nollspelldable.														
Inventory	0	28,644	0		0		0	0			0	0		28,644
Prepaid Expenditures	1,276	0	0		0		0	0		0	0	0		1,276
Committed for Capital Improvements Restricted for:	0	0	0		0		0	0			0	9,440		9,440
Debt Service	C	C	C		295 453	167 779	79	161 343	194 512		_	C		819.087
Food Service	0 0	838,142			0			0: 0(1)				0		838.142
Canital Projects					· C					4 438 17			•	4 438 172
Assigned for:		•))		.				1	o		1,100,1,
755161164 - 101.	c	c	7 0 0 0		c		c	c				c		0,70
Studelit Activities	0	>	140,949		0		0	0		0	0	0		140,343
Unassigned	3,828,605	0	O		0		0	0)		0	0		3,828,605
Total Fund Balances	3,829,881	866,786	148,949		295,453	167,779	79	161,343	194,512	4,438,172	2	9,440	Ä	10,112,315
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 6,353,210	\$ 981,541	\$ 153,257	↔	330,893	\$ 180,037	37 \$	167,738	\$ 194,512	5,389,479	\$	10,040	\$	13,760,707
			Ш											

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2025

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$	10,112,315
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.			
	,135,721 ,701,336)		39,434,385
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.			
Bonds Payable Compensated Absences		(27,590,000) (798,637)
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governmental funds, it is recorded when paid.			(161,000)
Governmental funds expense the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.			
Bond Premium Net of Amortization Deferred Charges Net of Amortization			(759,247) 30,175
Some liabilities, including net pension and OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Net Pension Liability Other Post Employment Benefit Asset		(24,434,607) 4,372,330
Deferred outflows and (inflows) of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	_		(7,956,080) 8,314,529 (5,706,689) 1,489,202
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	=	\$	(3,653,324)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		SPECIAL	SPECIAL REVENUE		DEBT	DEBT FUNDS		CAPITAL PRO	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		
		IUT	FUNDS	2015 DEBT	2016	2017	2024	2024			
		FOOD	STUDENT	REFUNDING	DEBT	DEBT	DEBT	CAPITAL	CAPITAL	TOTAL	
	GENERAL	SERVICE	ACTIVITIES	RETIREMENT	RETIREMENT	RETIREMENT	RETIREMENT	PROJECTS	IMPROVEMENT	GOVERNMENTAL	
	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS	
<u>REVENUES</u>											
Local Sources	\$ 4,618,887	\$ 65,399	\$ 169,325	\$ 628,554	\$ 370,388	\$ 387,100	\$ 1,138,139	\$ 196,449	\$ 40	\$ 7,574,281	
State Sources	16,355,751	152,816	0	15,438	6,097	9,511	27,981	0	0	16,570,594	
Federal Sources	1,151,913	1,283,140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,435,053	
Other Transactions	259,458	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	259,458	
Total Revenues	22,386,009	1,501,355	169,325	643,992	379,485	396,611	1,166,120	196,449	40	26,839,386	
EXPENDITURES											
Instruction											
Basic Programs	11,091,340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11,091,340	
Added Needs	3,999,957	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,999,957	
Supporting Services											
Pupil	501,304	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	501,304	
Instructional Staff	113,532	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	113,532	
General Administration	394,906	0	0	0	0	0	0	250	009	395,756	
School Administration	1,622,922	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,622,922	
Business	458,182	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	458,182	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,919,878	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,919,878	
Pupil Transportation Services	1,324,847	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,324,847	
Other Central Support Services	491,845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	491,845	
Athletic Activities	548,232	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	548,232	
Food Service	0	1,411,433	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,411,433	
Student Activities	0	0	146,534	0	0	0	0	0	0	146,534	
Community Services											
Community Activities	4,387	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,387	
Custody and Care of Children	119,832	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	119,832	
Welfare Activities	397	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	397	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS 2024

2024

DEBT FUNDS 6 2017

2016

2015 DEBT

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	l	FOOD	STUDENT	REFUNDING	DEBT	DEBT	DEBT	CAPITAL	CAPITAL	TOTAL
	GENERAL	SERVICE	ACTIVITIES	RETIREMENT	RETIREMENT	RETIREMENT	RETIREMENT	PROJECTS	IMPROVEMENT	GOVERNMENTAL
	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS
Payments to Other Public Schools	3,448	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,448
Facilities Acquisition, Construction										
and Improvements	132,985	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,915,710	0	2,048,695
Debt Service										
Principal	37,655	0	0	970,000	150,000	200,000	725,000	0	0	2,082,655
Interest and Other	863	0	0	96,250	392,750	280,750	246,608	0	0	1,017,221
Total Expenditures	22,766,512	1,411,433	146,534	1,066,250	542,750	480,750	971,608	1,915,960	009	29,302,397
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(380,503)	89.922	72,791	(422,258)	(163.265)	(84 139)	194 512	(1,719,511)	(95)	(2.463.011)
	(000(000)	110,00	10111	(001/11)	(001(001)	(001(10)	11000	(++)()+,(+)	(200)	(110(00-(1)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer In (Out)	000 05	(50,000)	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
		(200(20)			,	,		,		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	20,000	(20,000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(330,503)	39,922	22,791	(422,258)	(163,265)	(84,139)	194,512	(1,719,511)	(260)	(2,463,011)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	4,160,384	826,864	126,158	717,711	331,044	245,482	0	6,157,683	10,000	12,575,326
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 3,829,881 \$ 866,786	\$ 986,786 \$	\$ 148,949	\$ 295,453	\$ 167,779 \$	\$ 161,343	\$ 194,512	\$ 4,438,172	\$ 9,440	\$ 10,112,315

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds	\$ (2,463,011)
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.	
Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	2,461,091 (1,418,424)
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid:	
Accrued Interest Payable - Beginning of Year Accrued Interest Payable - End of Year	128,473 (161,000)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses, and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available.	
Repayment of Bond Principal Amortization of Deferred Charges Amortization of Bond Premiums	2,082,655 (30,176) 180,349
Accumulated Sick Pay is reported on the accrual method in the Statement of Activities, and recorded as expenditures when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:	
Accumulated Sick Pay - Beginning of Year (As Restated) Accumulated Sick Pay - End of Year	801,624 (798,637)
Governmental funds report district pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as expenses:	
Change in Pension Related Items Change in Other Postemployment Benefits	1,636,718 1,839,102
Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to Section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date:	
Change in State Aid Funding for Pension	 755,584
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 5,014,348

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2025

	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 248,424
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	100
NET POSITION Restricted for Scholarships Restricted for Student Organizations	122,495 125,829
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 248,324

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
<u>ADDITIONS</u>	
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	\$ 3,194
Donations	15,425
Other Income	225,268
Total Additions	243,887_
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships Awarded	11,400
Payments Made on Behalf of Student Organizations	243,923_
Total Deductions	255,323
Change in Net Position	(11,436)
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	259,760
<u>NET POSITION</u> - End of Year	\$ 248,324

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Newaygo Public Schools have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The School District ("the District") is located in Newaygo County with its administrative offices located in Newaygo, Michigan. The District operates under an elected 7-member board of education and provides services to its students (blended count) in elementary, middle school, high school, special education instruction, guidance, health, transportation, food service, athletics and recreation. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report the information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District does not have any business-type activities or component units.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Food Service Fund accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for Food Service.

The *Student Activities Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are assigned for specific purposes. The District accounts for its student activities in a special revenue fund.

The *Debt Retirement Funds* account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The 2024 Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects related to the 2024 bond issue.

The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects.

Additionally, the District reports Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements

The *Custodial Fund* consists of assets for the benefit of individuals and the District does not have administrative involvement with the assets or direct financial involvement with the assets. In addition, the assets are not derived from the District's provision of goods or services to those individuals. This fund is used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity (primarily student activities).

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term obligations are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue resource (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, except for the recognition of certain liabilities to the beneficiaries of a fiduciary activity. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the District to disburse fiduciary resources.

F. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds.

The District's approved budgets were adopted at the function level for the General and Special Revenue Funds. These are the legal enacted levels under the State Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act and the level of budgetary control adopted by the Board (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations).

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. In June, the superintendent submits to the school board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1.
- b. A public hearing is conducted during June to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted by the School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act. The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year, when necessary, to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financial sources will be less than anticipated, or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated.
- d. The superintendent is charged with general supervision of the budgets and shall hold the department heads responsible for performance of their responsibilities.
- e. For purposes of meeting emergency needs of the District, transfer of appropriations may be made by the authorization of the superintendent. Such transfers of appropriations must be approved by the Board of Education at its next regularly scheduled meeting.
- f. During the year the budgets are monitored and amendments to the budget resolution are made when it is deemed necessary.
- g. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted on June 17, 2024, or as amended by the School Board of Education throughout the year.
- h. Appropriations lapse at year-end and therefore cancel all encumbrances. These appropriations are reestablished at the beginning of the following year.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

	APPF	ROPRIATIONS	 EXPENDITURES
General Fund		_	 _
Community Services			
Custody and Care of Children	\$	112,780	\$ 119,832
Facilities Acquisition, Construction			
and Improvements		91,750	132,985

These overages were covered by available fund balance.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments (including certificates of deposit), with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

2. Investments

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the District is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

3. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, which are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Land and construction in progress, if any, are not depreciated.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and Improvements 10-50 years
Buses and Other Vehicles 8 years
Furniture and Equipment 5-20 years

The District's capitalization policy is to capitalize individual amounts exceeding \$5,000.

5. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, revenue is recognized. The District has \$778,625 of unearned revenue in the General Fund, related to at-risk funds and other unspent grant proceeds, and in the Food Service Fund, related to student balances.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related obligation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Defined Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment liabilities/assets, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charge on refunding, pension and other postemployment benefits related items reported in the government-wide *Statement of Net Position*. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded obligation and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding obligation. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expenses in the plan year in which they apply. Details can be found in footnotes 3.E. and 3.F.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. Details can be found in footnote 3.E. and 3.F.

9. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

10. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

11. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

12. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

13. Restricted Assets

Certain resources of the 2024 Capital Projects Fund are set aside for capital outlay are classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. State Revenue

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts taken in October 2024 and February 2024. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the per pupil foundation allowance was \$9,608 for Newaygo Public Schools.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by non-homestead property taxes, which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills. The State revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October 2024 to August 2025. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30th is reported as due from other governmental units.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

2. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, state foundation aid, certain revenue from the intermediate school district and other unrestricted items are not included as program revenue but instead as general revenues.

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically submitted to the District. Properties are assessed as of January 1. The District has elected to have a portion of the taxes billed and due July 1st, and the remaining portion billed and due December 1st. The summer levy becomes delinquent as of September 14th, and the winter levy becomes delinquent as of February 14th for taxpayers. After these dates, unpaid taxes are subject to penalties and interest.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of taxable valuation:

Fund	Mills
General Fund - Non-Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)	17.8632
General Fund - Commercial Personal Property	6.0000
2015 Issue Debt Service Fund - PRE and Non-PRE	1.1200
2016 Issue Debt Service Fund - PRE and Non-PRE	0.6600
2017 Issue Debt Service Fund - PRE and Non-PRE	0.6900
2024 Issue Debt Service Fund - PRE and Non -PRE	2.0300

4. Compensated Absences

The District recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees, (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled during or upon separation from employment. The liability for compensated absences is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary and related benefits, where applicable.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Violations of Legal or Contractual Provisions

Note 1.F.2, on the Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations, describes a budgetary violation that occurred for the year ended June 30, 2025.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Deposits

As of June 30, 2025 the District had deposits subject to the following risks:

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2025, the District's bank balance was \$11,752,891, of which \$1,653,234 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2025, deposits of \$10,684,565 are reported on the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents or restricted cash and cash equivalents.

The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of June 30, 2025:

	Primary	ı	Fiduciary	Reporting
	Government		Funds	Entity
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,046,662	\$	248,424	\$ 5,295,086
Restricted Cash & Cash Equivalents	5,389,479		0	5,389,479
Total	\$ 10,436,141	\$	248,424	\$ 10,684,565

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSOs). Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Concentration of credit risk. The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Foreign currency risk. The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk; therefore, it is not addressed in the investment policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds are as follows:

				Food		
		General	9	Service		Total
Receivables	· ·					
Accounts Receivable	\$	27,235	\$	0	\$	27,235
Due from Other Governments		3,076,465		79,879	3	3,156,344
Total Receivables	\$	3,103,700	\$	79,879	\$ 3	3,183,579

Amounts due from other governments include amounts due from federal, state, and local sources for various projects and programs. Because of the District's favorable collection experience, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

		Balance	ance					Balance		
	J	uly 1, 2024		Additions	D	eletions	Jι	ine 30, 2025		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:										
Land	\$	514,975	\$	0	\$	0	\$	514,975		
Construction in Progress		0		1,912,346		0		1,912,346		
Subtotal		514,975		1,912,346		0		2,427,321		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:										
Buildings and Improvements		52,128,032		153,025		0		52,281,057		
Buses and Other Vehicles		2,378,094		307,805		87,715		2,598,184		
Furniture and Equipment		2,741,244		87,915		0		2,829,159		
Subtotal		57,247,370		548,745		87,715		57,708,400		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:										
Buildings and Improvements		15,938,648		1,156,085		0		17,094,733		
Buses and Other Vehicles		1,663,949		165,459		87,715		1,741,693		
Furniture and Equipment		1,768,030		96,880		0		1,864,910		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		19,370,627		1,418,424		87,715		20,701,336		
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated		37,876,743		(869,679)		0		37,007,064		
Net Capital Assets	\$	38,391,718	\$	1,042,667	\$	0	\$	39,434,385		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Depreciation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, amounted to \$1,418,424. The District determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation to the various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

D. Retirement and Postemployment Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

Benefits Provided- Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan Name</u>	<u>Plan Type</u>	Plan Status
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

Benefits Provided – Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below:

Option 1 - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 3</u> - Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 - Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k)-account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution Plan that provides a 50% employer match (up to 3% of salary) on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> - Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

New employees hired between February 1, 2018 and June 30, 2024, are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus 2 plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to IRS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus 2 plan and become a qualified participant to the DC plan; if no election is made they will default to the DC plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus 2 plan, their participation in the DC plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

Pension Reform of 2023

On November 29, 2023, the Governor signed Public Act 250 of 2023 into law. New employees hired after June 30, 2024, are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus 2 plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to IRS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus 2 plan and become a qualified participant in the DC plan; if no election is made they will remain in the Pension Plus 2 plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus 2 plan, their participation in the DC plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

<u>Benefits Provided – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)</u>

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> - A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through their 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% to 7% for pension and 0% to 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024 were determined as of the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2021 are amortized over a 15-year period beginning October 1, 2023 and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Otner
		Postemployment
	Pension	Benefits
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%
October 1, 2024 - September 30, 2025	20.96% - 30.11%	0.00% - 1.25%

011...

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2025 were equal to the required contribution total. Total pension contributions were approximately \$4,112,000. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$4,030,500 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$81,500 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2025 were equal to the required contribution total. Total OPEB contribution were approximately \$319,200. Of the total OPEB contributions approximately \$238,700 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$80,500 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefit, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

E. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability of \$24,434,607 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2023 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the District's proportion was 0.09980635% and 0.09461844%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net Pension Liability

	September 30, 2024		September 30, 2023	
Total Pension Liability	\$	95,765,499,515	\$	94,947,828,557
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(71,283,482,728)		(62,581,762,238)
Net Pension Liability	\$	24,482,016,787	\$	32,366,066,319
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		74.44%		65.91%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		227.56%		320.51%

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized total pension expense of \$2,393,737.

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	662,928	\$	265,485
Section 147c revenue related to District Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		0		1,115,977
Changes of assumptions		2,547,453		1,790,284
Net difference between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings		0		4,663,159
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,248,036		121,175
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,856,112		0
Total	\$	8,314,529	\$	7,956,080

\$3,856,112 reported as deferred outflows of resources and \$1,115,977 reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Amount		
2026	\$ (414,395)		
2027	473,151		
2028	(1,387,969)		
2029	 (1,052,473)		
	\$ (2,381,686)		

F. OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB Liabilities (Assets)

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability (asset) of (\$4,372,330) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset). The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2023 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the District's proportion was 0.10157820% and 0.09477187%.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Se	ptember 30, 2024	Se	ptember 30, 2023
Total OPEB Liability	\$	9,991,545,923	\$	11,223,648,949
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(14,295,943,589)		(11,789,347,341)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(4,304,397,666)	\$	(565,698,392)
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		143.08%		105.04%
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		-40.01%		-5.60%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized total OPEB benefit of \$1,600,387.

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	0	\$	4,633,334
Changes of assumptions		954,980		109,767
Net difference between projected and actual				
OPEB plan investment earnings		0		827,732
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		343,185		135,856
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		191,037		0
Total	\$	1,489,202	\$	5,706,689

\$191,037 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Amount	
2026	\$ (1,461,155)	
2027	(856,161)	
2028	(866,238)	
2029	(756,757)	
2030	(394,365)	
Thereafter	 (73,848)	
	\$ (4,408,524)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

G. Actuarial Assumptions

Investment rate of return for Pension – 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2 plan groups.

Investment rate of return for OPEB – 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

Salary increases - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%.

Inflation -3.0%

Mortality assumptions -

Retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Active: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and MP-2021 and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale from 2010.

Disabled Retirees: PubNS-2010 Male and Female Disabled Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Experience study - Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and other postemployment benefit plan investments - The pension rate was 6.00% (MIP, Basic, Pension Plus Plan, and Pension Plus 2 Plan) and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Cost of Living Pension Adjustments – 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

Healthcare cost trend rate for other postemployment benefit – Pre 65, 7.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen. Post 65, 6.50% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

Additional assumptions for other postemployment benefit only – Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption – 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Survivor Coverage – 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees electing two-person coverage are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement – 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees who elected coverage are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2024 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Investment Category	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity Pools	25.00%	5.30%
Private Equity Pools	16.00%	9.00%
International Equity Pools	15.00%	6.50%
Fixed Income Pools	13.00%	2.20%
Real Estate & Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	7.10%
Absolute Return Pools	9.00%	5.20%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	10.00%	6.90%
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.00%	1.40%
	100%	

^{*}Long-term rate of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

Rate of return

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 15.47% and 15.45% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Pension Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

OPEB Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Pension	
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
\$ 35,821,397	\$ 24,434,607	\$ 14,952,914

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Districts's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the Districts's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

OPEB						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
\$	(3,378,972)	\$	(4,372,330)	\$	(5,231,192)	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the Districts's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

OPEB					
Current Healthcare Cost					
	1% Decrease		Trend Rates		1% Increase
\$	(5,231,201)	\$	(4,372,330)	\$	(3,451,195)

H. Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2024 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

I. Payables to the Pension and OPEB Plan

As of June 30, 2025, the District is current on all required pension and OPEB plan payments. As of June 30, 2025, the District reported payables in the amount of \$657,566 to the pension and OPEB plan. These amounts represent current payments for June wages paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers and also the contributions due and funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

J. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) as well as medical benefits provided to employees.

The District participates in a distinct pool of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for various risks of loss, including general liability, property and casualty, employee health and accident insurance, and workers' disability compensation. The pool is considered a public entity risk pool. The District pays annual premiums to each pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The District has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

K. Long-Term Obligations

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

The following is a summary of the governmental long-term obligation transactions for the District for the year ended June 30, 2025:

		NOTES FROM		
		DIRECT		
	GENERAL	BORROWINGS		
	OBLIGATION	AND DIRECT	COMPENSATED	
	BONDS	PLACEMENTS	ABSENCES*	TOTAL
Balance, July 1, 2024, as restated	\$ 29,635,000	\$ 37,655	\$ 801,623	\$ 30,474,278
Additions	0	0	0	0
Deletions	2,045,000	37,655	2,986	2,085,641
Balance, June 30, 2025	27,590,000	0	798,637	28,388,637
Less current portion	1,690,000	0	409,697	2,099,697
Due in more than one year	\$ 25,900,000	\$ 0	\$ 388,940	\$ 26,288,940

^{*}The change in the compensated absences liability is presented as a net change.

The annual requirements to amortize the net pension are uncertain because it is unknown when the repayments will be made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

The District's debt obligations at June 30, 2025, are comprised of the following issues:

General Obligation Bonds \$11,465,000 2015 general obligations refunding bonds due one installment of \$945,000 on May 1, 2026; interest at 4%	\$	945,000
\$13,600,000 2016 school building and site bonds due in annual installments of \$165,000 to \$855,000 through May 1, 2041; interest at 3%		12,925,000
\$9,360,000 2017 school building and site bonds due in annual installments of \$250,000 to \$560,000 through May 1, 2041; interest at 3%		8,585,000
\$5,860,000 2024 general obligation bonds due in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$490,000 through May 1, 2044; interest at 5%		5,135,000
Compensated Absences and Net Pension Liability Accrued Compensated Absences		798,637
Net Pension Liability		24,434,607
Total Obligations	\$	52,823,244
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2025, including interest payments of \$9,259,750 are as follows:

	Ger	neral	
	Oblig	gation	
	Во	nds	Amounts
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Payable
2026	\$ 1,690,000	\$ 966,000	\$ 2,656,000
2027	1,405,000	889,800	2,294,800
2028	1,405,000	847,650	2,252,650
2029	1,405,000	805,500	2,210,500
2030	1,405,000	763,350	2,168,350
2031-2035	8,230,000	3,084,362	11,314,362
2036-2040	8,835,000	1,626,590	10,461,590
2041-2044	3,215,000	276,498	3,491,498
	\$ 27,590,000	\$ 9,259,750	\$ 36,849,750

Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2025, \$1,047,385.

The annual requirements to amortize the compensated absences and the net pension liability are uncertain because it is unknown when the repayments will be made. Compensated absences and net pension liabilities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked, including the general fund and other governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

L. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2025, were:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount
General Fund	Food Service	\$	52,183
General Fund	Student Activities		2,191
General Fund	2024 Capital Projects		2,000
General Fund	Capital Improvements		600
2024 Debt Retirement	2015 Debt Retirement		35,440
2024 Debt Retirement	2016 Debt Retirement		12,258
2024 Debt Retirement	2017 Debt Reirement		6,395
		\$	111,067

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All interfund balances outstanding at June 30, 2025, are expected to be repaid within one year.

M. Interfund Transfers

Individual fund transfers at June 30, 2025, were:

Fund Transferred To	Funds Transferred From	 Amount
General Fund	Food Service Fund	\$ 50,000
		\$ 50,000

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

N. Other Information

1. Commitments and Contingencies

Under the terms of various federal and state grants and regulatory requirements, periodic audits are required, and certain cost may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants and requirements. Such audits could lead to reimbursement of the grantor or regulatory agencies. However, management does not believe such disallowances, if any, would be material to the financial position of the District.

Prior to June 30, 205, the District has committed \$4,854,541 for School Building improvements related to the bond project, \$144,515 for wireless upgrades and \$107,795 for network upgrades in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

2. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to June 30, 2025, the District entered into a three year equipment rental arrangement totaling \$33,000 for the three years. No adjustment was made to the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025, related to this subsequent event.

3. GASB Statement No. 77 - Tax Abatements

The District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions and Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements granted by the City of Newaygo within the District. Industrial Facilities Exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilitates: Brownfield redevelopment agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, (tax year 2024) the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$191,808 under these programs.

The District is considered to be an "in-formula" district. The taxes abated for the General Fund operating millage are considered by the State of Michigan when determining the District's section 22 funding of the State School Aid Act. The District received \$162,293 from the State of Michigan's determination.

There are no significant abatements made by the District.

O. Capital Projects Funds

The 2024 Capital Projects Fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds. For this capital project, the school district has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Revised School Code. The fund is not yet considered substantially complete, and a subsequent year audit is expected.

NOTE 4 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences.

Summary: This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 5 - ADJUSTMENTS TO BEGINNING FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

During fiscal year 2025, changes to beginning fund balance/net position, are as follows:

Reporting Unit Affected by Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances

	Governi	mental Activities
Net Position, as Previously Reported	\$	(8,270,860)
Changed in accounting principle (GASB 101)		(396,812)
Net Position, as Restated	\$	(8,667,672)

NOTE 6 – UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUCEMENTS

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements - or modifies existing requirements - related to the following:

- a. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A);
 - i. Requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five specific sections:
 - 1) Overview of the Financial Statements,
 - 2) Financial Summary,
 - 3) Detailed Analyses,
 - 4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity,
 - 5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions;
 - ii. Stresses detailed analyses should explain why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed;
 - iii. Removes the requirement for discussion of significant variations between original and final budget amounts and between final budget amounts and actual results;
- b. Unusual or infrequent items;
- c. Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position;
 - i. Requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and clarifies the definition of operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses;
 - ii. Requires that a subtotal for *operating income* (*loss*) and *noncapital subsidies* be presented before reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses and defines subsidies;
- d. Information about major component units in basic financial statements should be presented separately in the statement of net position and statement of activities unless it reduces the readability of the statements in which case combining statements of should be presented after the fund financial statements;

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

e. Budgetary comparison information should include variances between original and final budget amounts and variances between final budget and actual amounts with explanations of significant variances required to be presented in the notes to RSI.

The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2025-2026 fiscal year.

In September 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement No. 34. Lease assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and intangible right-to-use assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note disclosures. Subscription assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements*, also should be separately disclosed. In addition, this Statement requires intangible assets other than those three types to be disclosed separately by major class. This Statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2025-2026 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES MAJOR FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		GENERAL FUND	FUND			FOOD SERVICE FUND	ICE FUND			STUDENT ACTIVITIES FUND	VITIES FUND	
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUGET	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUGET	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUGET
REVENUES												
Local Sources	\$ 4,342,757	\$ 4,467,385	\$ 4,618,887	\$ 151,502	\$ 59,984	\$ 68,500	\$ 65,399	\$ (3,101)	\$ 150,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 169,325	\$ (30,675)
State Sources	16,678,542	16,802,585	16,355,751	(446,834)	133,484	151,005	152,816	1,811	0	0	0	0
Federal Sources	1,099,743	965,141	1,151,913	186,772	1,195,239	1,072,780	1,283,140	210,360	0	0	0	0
Other Transactions	180,713	152,683	259,458	106,775	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	22,301,755	22,387,794	22,386,009	(1,785)	1,388,707	1,292,285	1,501,355	209,070	150,000	200,000	169,325	(30,675)
EXPENDITURES												
Instruction												
Basic Programs	11,461,700	11,317,850	11,091,340	(226,510)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added Needs	3,754,700	4,292,343	3,999,957	(292,386)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Supporting Services												
Pupil	578,090	523,225	501,304	(21,921)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Instructional Staff	107,503	116,605	113,532	(3,073)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General Administration	420,080	396,286	394,906	(1,380)	1,600	1,600	0	(1,600)	0	0	0	0
School Administration	1,595,916	1,654,804	1,622,922	(31,882)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Business	414,338	468,845	458,182	(10,663)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,589,973	1,920,114	1,919,878	(236)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pupil Transportation Services	1,095,080	1,332,440	1,324,847	(7,593)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central Support Services	530,778	496,513	491,845	(4,668)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Support Services	520,275	549,504	548,232	(1,272)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Food Service	0	0	0	0	1,698,089	1,465,043	1,411,433	(53,610)	0	0	0	0
Student Activities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	150,000	200,000	146,534	(53,466)
Community Services												
Community Activities	0	17,350	4,387	(12,963)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Custody and Care of Children	112,364	112,780	119,832	7,052	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Welfare Activities	0	2,397	397	(2,000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Payments to Other Governmental Agencies												
Payments to Other Public Schools	3,421	3,547	3,448	(66)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Facilities Acquisition, Construction												
and Improvements	42,394	91,750	132,985	41,235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Debt Service	0	38,521	38,518	(3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	22,226,612	23,334,874	22,766,512	(568,362)	1,699,689	1,466,643	1,411,433	(55,210)	150,000	200,000	146,534	(53,466)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	75,143	(947,080)	(380,503)	566,577	(310,982)	(174,358)	89,922	264,280	0	0	22,791	22,791
-	•											
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer In (Out)	50,000	20,000	20,000	0	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	0	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	125,143	(897,080)	(330,503)	566,577	(360,982)	(224,358)	39,922	264,280	0	0	22,791	22,791
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	4,002,302	4,160,384	4,160,384	0	623,461	826,864	826,864	0	131,075	126,158	126,158	0
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 4,127,445	\$ 3,263,304	\$ 3,829,881	\$ 566,577	\$ 262,479	\$ 602,506	\$ 866,786	\$ 264,280	\$ 131,075	\$ 126,158	\$ 148,949	\$ 22,791

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR) JUNE 30, 2025 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.09980635%	0.09461844%	0.09484836%	0.09504224%	0.09393934%	0.09492292%	0.09571503%	0.09542310%	0.09437970%	0.09011000%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 24,434,607	24,434,607 \$ 30,624,267 \$	35,671,253	\$ 22,501,642 \$ 32,269,185	32,269,185	\$ 31,435,280 \$ 28,773,666	28,773,666 \$	24,728,171 \$	23,546,963 \$	22,010,430
District's covered payroll	10,715,105	9,460,642	8,884,183	8,610,619	8,231,257	8,176,233	8,160,178	7,917,217	8,085,003	7,774,989
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	228.04%	323.70%	401.51%	261.32%	392.03%	384.47%	352.61%	312.33%	291.24%	283.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	74.44%	65.91%	80.77%	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

JUNE 30, 2025

	2025	2024		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 4,030,455	4,030,455 \$ 4,127,531	\$	4,345,060 \$	2,853,759 \$	2,581,575 \$	2,598,287 \$; 2,520,495 \$	2,238,177 \$	4,345,060 \$ 2,853,759 \$ 2,581,575 \$ 2,598,287 \$ 2,520,495 \$ 2,238,177 \$ 2,239,708 \$	2,104,847
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	4,030,455	4,127,531		4,345,060	2,853,759	2,581,575	2,598,287	2,520,495	2,238,177	2,239,708	2,104,847
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$ 0	\$	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$ 0		\$ 0 \$ 0	0
Covered payroll	\$ 10,794,592 \$ 10,566,269	\$ 10,566,269	\$	9,491,752 \$	8,820,313 \$	8,456,003 \$	\$,328,635 \$	\$ 8,155,504 \$	8,162,424 \$	9,491,752 \$ 8,820,313 \$ 8,456,003 \$ 8,328,635 \$ 8,155,504 \$ 8,162,424 \$ 7,937,427 \$	7,664,928
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	37.34%	39.06%	%	45.78%	32.35%	30.53%	31.20%	30.91%	27.42%	28.22%	27.46%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY/ASSET

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR)

JUNE 30, 2025

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)			0.10157820%	0.09477187%	0.09132744%	0.09535668%	0.09295252%	0.09356974%	0.09588165%	0.09524150%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)			\$ (4,372,330) \$	(536,123) \$	1,934,372 \$	1,455,503 \$	4,979,715 \$	\$ 6,716,200 \$	\$ 7,621,586 \$	8,434,087
District's covered payroll			10,715,105	9,460,642	8,884,183	8,610,619	8,231,257	8,176,233	8,160,178	7,917,217
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll			-40.81%	-5.67%	21.77%	16.90%	90.50%	82.14%	93.40%	106.53%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability			143.08%	105.04%	83.09%	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR) JUNE 30, 2025

	2027	2026		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021		2020	2019	2018
Statutorily required contributions			↔	238,715 \$	\$ 622'008	800,279 \$ 726,668 \$ 707,875 \$ 656,733 \$ 648,440 \$	\$ 278,707	959	,733 \$	648,440 \$	623,913 \$	741,495
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions				238,715	800,279	726,668	707,875	929	656,733	648,440	623,913	741,495
Contribution deficiency (excess)			⋄	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0
Covered payroll			\$ 10,794,	794,592 \$	592 \$ 10,566,269 \$ 9,491,752 \$ 8,820,313 \$ 8,456,003 \$ 8,328,635 \$	9,491,752 \$	8,820,313	8,456	\$ 600,	8,328,635 \$	8,155,504 \$	8,162,424
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll				2.21%	7.57%	7.66%	8.03%	1	7.77%	7.79%	7.65%	80.6

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Pension Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2024.

Changes of Assumptions – The assumption changes for the plan year ended September 30, 2024 were:

- 2023 The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- ➤ 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.80 percentage points.
- ➤ 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points.
- ➤ 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2012 to 2017.
- ➤ 2017 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points.

OPEB Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2024.

Changes of Assumptions – The assumption changes for the plan year ended September 30, 2024 were:

- > 2024 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2023 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 0.25 percentage point for members over 65.
- 2023 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 1.00 percentage point for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- ➤ 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.95 percentage points. This resulted in lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.1 billion in 2022.
- > 2021 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased by 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and decreased by 1.75 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.3 billion in 2021.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

- ➤ 2020 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points and actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.8 billion in 2020.
- > 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.20 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.4 billion in 2019.
- ➤ 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.4 billion in 2018.

SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE JUNE 30, 2025

2015 GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS

<u>PURPOSE</u> Advance refunding of the 2005 School Building and Site Bonds

<u>INTEREST PAYABLE</u> May 1, and November 1, of each year

<u>AMOUNT OF ISSUE</u> \$ 11,465,000

REQUIREMENTS SEMI-ANNUAL FISCAL YEAR **INTEREST TOTAL INTEREST PAYMENTS PRINCIPAL DUE DATES RATES** FISCAL YEAR NOV 1 MAY 1 MAY 1 4.00 % \$ 992,250 \$ 23,625 \$ 23,625 2026 945,000 \$ 992,250 \$ 23,625 \$ 23,625 \$ 945,000

SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE JUNE 30, 2025

2016 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

<u>TITLE OF ISSUE</u> 2016 School Building and Site Bonds, Series I

<u>PURPOSE</u> Building and Renovating Elementary Schools

<u>INTEREST PAYABLE</u> May 1, and November 1, of each year

<u>AMOUNT OF ISSUE</u> \$ 13,600,000

		REQUIREMENTS									
					SEMI-ANNUAL						
FISCAL YEAR	INTEREST		TOTAL	INTEREST PAYMENTS					PRINCIPAL		
DUE DATES	RATES	FISCAL YEAR			NOV 1		MAY 1		MAY 1		
2026	3.00 %	\$	552,750	\$	193,875	\$	193,875	\$	165,000		
2027	3.00 %		1,232,800		191,400		191,400		850,000		
2028	3.00 %		1,207,300		178,650		178,650		850,000		
2029	3.00 %		1,181,800		165,900		165,900		850,000		
2030	3.00 %		1,156,300		153,150		153,150		850,000		
2031	3.00 %		1,130,800		140,400		140,400		850,000		
2032	3.00 %		1,105,300		127,650		127,650		850,000		
2033	3.00 %		1,079,800		114,900		114,900		850,000		
2034	3.00 %		1,054,300		102,150		102,150		850,000		
2035	3.00 %		1,028,800		89,400		89,400		850,000		
2036	3.00 %		1,003,300		76,650		76,650		850,000		
2037	3.00 %		977,800		63,900		63,900		850,000		
2038	3.00 %		952,300		51,150		51,150		850,000		
2039	3.00 %		926,800		38,400		38,400		850,000		
2040	3.00 %		906,300		25,650		25,650		855,000		
2041	3.00 %		880,650		12,825		12,825		855,000		
		\$	16,377,100	\$	1,726,050	\$	1,726,050	\$	12,925,000		

SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE JUNE 30, 2025

2017 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

TITLE OF ISSUE 2017 School Building and Site Bonds, Series II

<u>PURPOSE</u> Building and Renovating Elementary Schools

INTEREST PAYABLE May 1, and November 1, of each year

<u>AMOUNT OF ISSUE</u> \$ 9,360,000

		REQUIREMENTS								
		SEMI-ANNUAL								
FISCAL YEAR	INTEREST	TOTAL			INTEREST PAYMENTS				PRINCIPAL	
DUE DATES	RATES	FISC	AL YEAR		NOV 1		MAY 1		MAY 1	
2026	3.00 %	\$	524,250	\$	137,125	\$	137,125	\$	250,000	
2027	3.00 %		821,750		133,375		133,375		555,000	
2028	3.00 %		805,100		125,050		125,050		555,000	
2029	3.00 %		788,450		116,725		116,725		555,000	
2030	3.00 %		771,800		108,400		108,400		555,000	
2031	3.00 %		755,150		100,075		100,075		555,000	
2032	3.00 %		738,500		91,750		91,750		555,000	
2033	3.00 %		721,850		83,425		83,425		555,000	
2034	3.00 %		705,200		75,100		75,100		555,000	
2035	3.00 %		687,162		66,081		66,081		555,000	
2036	3.00 %		669,126		57,063		57,063		555,000	
2037	3.00 %		651,088		48,044		48,044		555,000	
2038	3.00 %		633,050		39,025		39,025		555,000	
2039	3.00 %		613,626		29,313		29,313		555,000	
2040	3.00 %		599,200		19,600		19,600		560,000	
2041	3.00 %		579,598		9,799		9,799		560,000	
		\$	11,064,900	\$	1,239,950	\$	1,239,950	\$	8,585,000	

SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE JUNE 30, 2025

2024 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

TITLE OF ISSUE

2024 School Building and Site Bonds, Series I

PURPOSE

(i) Remodeling, furnishing and re-furnishing, and equipping and re-equipping school buildings, including for school security; acquiring and installing instructional technology; and equipping, preparing, developing, and improving athletic fields and facilities and sites; and (ii) paying the costs of issuing the bonds.

INTEREST PAYABLE

May 1, and November 1, of each year

AMOUNT OF ISSUE

\$ 5,860,000

		REQUIREMENTS								
		SEMI-ANNUAL								
FISCAL YEAR	INTEREST		TOTAL	INTEREST PAYMENTS				PRINCIPAL		
DUE DATES	RATES	FISCA	FISCAL YEAR		NOV 1		MAY 1		MAY 1	
2026	5.00 %	\$	586,750	\$	128,375	\$	128,375	\$	330,000	
2027	5.00 %		240,250		120,125		120,125		0	
2028	5.00 %		240,250		120,125		120,125		0	
2029	5.00 %		240,250		120,125		120,125		0	
2030	5.00 %		240,250		120,125		120,125		0	
2031	5.00 %		375,250		120,125		120,125		135,000	
2032	5.00 %		443,500		116,750		116,750		210,000	
2033	5.00 %		478,000		111,500		111,500		255,000	
2034	5.00 %		505,250		105,125		105,125		295,000	
2035	5.00 %		505,500		97,750		97,750		310,000	
2036	5.00 %		505,000		90,000		90,000		325,000	
2037	5.00 %		503,750		81,875		81,875		340,000	
2038	5.00 %		506,750		73,375		73,375		360,000	
2039	5.00 %		508,750		64,375		64,375		380,000	
2040	5.00 %		504,750		54,875		54,875		395,000	
2041	5.00 %		505,000		45,000		45,000		415,000	
2042	5.00 %		504,250		34,625		34,625		435,000	
2043	5.00 %		507,500		23,750		23,750		460,000	
2044	5.00 %		514,500		12,250		12,250		490,000	
		ċ	0 /15 500	¢	1 640 250	\$	1 640 250	ć	E 12E 000	
		===	8,415,500	\$	1,640,250	<u> </u>	1,640,250	\$	5,135,000	